# N270

# **USER AND CLEANING MANUAL**



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# Content

1.	Mar	nufact	urer	4	
2.	2. Security information4				
	2.1.	Injur	y risk warnings	4	
	2.2.	Warr	nings of risk of damage	4	
	2.3.	Addit	ional symbols used in the safety instructions	5	
	2.4.	Indic	ation of additional information	5	
	2.5.	Prop	er use of oxygen	5	
	2.5.	1.	Oxygen explosion	5	
	2.5.	2.	Fire hazard	5	
3.	Risk	s		6	
	3.1.	Gas e	explosion	6	
	3.2.	Risk o	of device malfunction	6	
	3.3.	Fire r	isk	6	
	3.4.	Dang	er of electric shock	6	
4.	Sym	ibols u	sed	6	
5.	Proc	duct d	ata	9	
	5.1.	Stora	ge conditions	9	
	5.2.	Oper	ating conditions	9	
	5.3.	Servi	ce life	9	
	5.4.	Prod	uct description	10	
	5.4.	1.	General characteristics	10	
	5.4.	2.	Other features and configurations	11	
6.	Inte	nded	Jse	14	
7.	Use	of equ	Jipment	14	
7.1. Product preparation				14	
	7.2.	Envir	onment. Environmental conditions	15	
	7.1.	Train	ing	15	
8.	Clea	ning		15	
9.	9. Waste management				
10	10. User information on warnings16				
	10.1. Lighting problems16				
	10.2.	Ро	wer supply problems	16	

10.3	3. Problems with the supply of medical gases	16
11.	Incident warning information	17
12.	Regulations	17
12.1	1. Team ranking	17
12.2	2. Reference standards	17
12.3	3. Electromagnetic compatibility	17

### 1. Manufacturer

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### 2. Security information

Important notes in these operating instructions are marked with graphic symbols and signal words.

#### 2.1. Injury risk warnings

Signal words such as DANGER, WARNING or CAUTION describe the degree of risk of injury. The different triangular symbols visually emphasise the degree of danger.

WARNING	Refers to a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.
CAUTION	Refers to a potential hazard which, if not avoided, may result in minor or slight injury.
DANGER	Refers to an immediate danger which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.

#### 2.2. Warnings of risk of damage

The signal word WARNING describes the degree of risk of material damage. The triangular symbol visually emphasises the degree of danger.



Damage to surfaces: warns of damage to surfaces due to unsuitable cleaning agents and disinfectants.



Refers to a potential hazard which, if not avoided, may cause damage to the equipment.

NOTICE

#### 2.3. Additional symbols used in the safety instructions



Fire hazard



Explosion hazard: warns of ignition of explosive gas mixtures.



Dangerous voltage: warns about electric shocks that can cause serious injury or death.

#### 2.4. Indication of additional information



A NOTE provides additional information and useful tips for safe and efficient use of the device.

#### 2.5. Proper use of oxygen.

#### 2.5.1. Oxygen explosion

Oxygen becomes explosive when it comes into contact with oils, greases and lubricants.

Compressed oxygen presents an explosion hazard:

- Make sure that oxygen and gas outlets are free of oil, greasy materials and lubricants!

- Do not use cleaning agents containing oil, grease or lubricants.

#### 2.5.2. fire hazard



- Open fire, red-hot objects and open light are not allowed when working.

with oxygen!

- Don't smoke!

### 3. Risks

#### 3.1. Gas explosion

Oxygen becomes explosive when it comes into contact with oils, greases and lubricants.

When in contact with oxygen in the air, medical gases may form an explosive or easily flammable gas mixture. The equipment is not suitable for use in environments containing flammable mixtures of anaesthetics with high concentrations of oxygen or nitrous oxide.

If such high concentrations of flammable mixtures of anaesthetics with oxygen or nitrous oxide occur in the environment of the device, there is a risk of ignition under certain conditions.

#### 3.2. Risk of device malfunction



CAUTION: If a device is connected to the equipment and trips the protection mechanism of the corresponding circuit in the health care facility, other devices connected to the equipment will also be de-energised.

3.3. Fire risk



Plug-in connections for the supply of medical gases must not come into contact with oil, grease or flammable liquids.

#### 3.4. Danger of electric shock



Signal cables (network, audio, video, etc.) must be electrically isolated from equipment and the ends of building connections to prevent contact with currents that can cause serious injury or death.

### 4. Symbols used



Equipotentiality





Connection point for neutral conductor



Nurse call button



Direct lighting



Indirect lighting



**Operating instructions** 



Health Product



Waste electrical equipment



CE symbol

Product code



Unique identification code

manual N270





SN

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B

Fire hazard



Danger of explosion



Dangerous tension



NOTICE

Notice



Risk of finger entrapment



Warning

WARNING



### 5. Product data

This manual refers to the N270 model. This model is part of the SICA family.

5.1. Storage conditions

The individual packaging of this type of product consists of a bubble wrap on the inside and a cardboard box on the outside. Non-stackable packaging.

Under no circumstances should the product be stored with open or damaged packaging. If the product is inspected on receipt and installation is not carried out within 1 day, the product packaging must be resealed.



NOTICE: Failure to follow these instructions may result in damage to the equipment.

Recommended temperature range: -20 °C to 60 °C

Recommended humidity range: 10 % to 75 %.

Atmospheric pressure: 500 hPa to 1,060 hPa

5.2. Operating conditions



NOTICE: Failure to follow these instructions may result in damage to the equipment.

Recommended temperature range: -10 °C to 40 °C

Recommended humidity range: 30 % to 75 %.

Atmospheric pressure: 700 hPa to 1,060 hPa

5.3. Service life

The useful life of the SICA family of products is determined by the useful life of the medical gas intakes it incorporates, which is 8 years.

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N270

User and cleaning manual

#### 5.4. Product description

These systems have three main differentiated functions within the hospital and according to the area for which they are intended:

- Medical gas services
- Electrical, voice and data services
- Lighting
- Nurse call

The N270 model consists of a chassis made from aluminium profiles that allows the integration of electrical equipment, lighting, call, voice and data systems, and the installation and channelling of medical gas outlets.

For equipment fitted with DIN rail for attachment of accessories:

WARNING: Exceeding the maximum capacity of the equipment may result in injury to personnel or patient as well as damage to property.

- Maximum weight on rail: 25Kg/m
- Maximum torque over one metre of rail: 50 Nm

#### 5.4.1. General characteristics

Chassis made up of 3 cavities, a central one foreseen to house medical gas intakes and two cavities to house electrical elements with 2 internal separations for the passage of weak signals.

Main section:



- 1. Location of medical gases
- 2. Wiring location for weak signals
- 3. Location of LED strip and electrical elements
- 4. DIN rail bracket location

Fig. 1 Main chassis section of N270

NOTA

Possibility of fitting electrical devices (on request) on the central rail provided for medical gases with appropriate internal separation.

A typical N270 configuration is shown below with its respective electrical element covers, top and bottom, together with standard electrical and gas fittings:





- 1. Gas intakes
- 2. LED strip for direct or reading light
- 3. LED strip for indirect or ambient lighting
- 4. Nurse call
- 5. Double switch for lighting actuation
- 6. Double RJ45 socket
- 7. Electrical outlets for power supply of equipment
- 8. DIN rail or technical bar for the support of drippers, baskets and other elements.
- 9. Internal separator in accordance with regulations for separation between gas elements and electrical mechanisms
- 10. Rear inlet for connection of gas pipes to the system
- 11. Rear entry for electrical connections to the installation and weak signals
- 12. Terminal block

J

Below is an overview of the different features and configurations that the N270 allows:

1. Assembly

The headboard can only be surface mounted.

#### 2. Chassis length and orientation

The length of the chassis is variable according to each project. The maximum length per section is 3000 mm, subject to possible extensions depending on the requirements of the project or installation. In the case of continuous headboards for the supply of more than one bed, adjacent sections are assembled to form a longitudinal headboard with multiple sections.

#### 3. Treatment and finishing

Aluminium profiles can be processed either raw and then polished or anodised.

The finishes can be epoxy paint or anti-bacterial paint. The standard colour used is matt white, but any other colour is possible according to project specifications.

#### 4. Vinyls and phenolics

Possibility of gluing vinyl on the front covers. Possibility of gluing phenolic panels from 0.5 to 1 mm thick. The designs or motifs of the vinyl and phenolic panels are subject to the specifications of each project. Possibility of digital printing on the front panels.

#### 5. Endwall options

Installation of end walls made of different materials: PVC, ABS, Steel and Aluminium.

The most common end caps are 45mm in ABS, although there is an option to install them in 4mm.

#### 6. Lighting

Installation of 10 W and 20 W LED strips, length 550 mm and colour temperature 4500 °K. Both 120 V and 230 V power supply.

Possibility of strips of different wattage and colour temperature subject to specific requests per project.

#### 7. Drives

Possibility to control and manipulate the lighting by means of different actuators: switches, push buttons, nurse calls, potentiometers or dimmers and switches.

Possibility of installing pushbuttons or switches to control blinds.

Possibility of installing emergency mushroom pushbuttons.

#### 8. Electrical outlets

Possibility of installation of electrical sockets type A and B (Standard and Hospital Grade), type C, D, E, F, G, H, H, I, J, K, L, M, N, O, and multi standard sockets.

N270

Possibility of colour variation of the electrical socket in accordance with the regulations of the region and the needs of the project.

#### 9. Voice & data sockets and weak signals

Possibility of installing RJ45 Cat. 5/6/6A/7/7A sockets, RJ12 sockets and RJ11 sockets.

Possibility of installation of hospital-compatible call systems, either from own supply, or provision and adaptation of modules supplied by third parties.

Possibility of installing relays, remote switches and a 24V control system for switching and manipulation of the lighting via the call system.

#### 10. Protection mechanisms and land

Earthing and equipotential bonding busbars can be installed.

#### 11. Video & audio & data sockets

HDMI, S-VIDEO, 3G BNC, 4K SDI, VGA and DisplayPort sockets can be installed.

Possibility of installing USB 2.0/3.0/3.1 sockets. Possibility of installing USB chargers for charging mobile devices and *tablets*.

#### 12. Future forecasts and/or enlargements

Possibility of installing blind covers to provide for elements and their future expansion.

#### 13. Wakefulness pilots

Possibility of installing a 1W LED indicator light.

#### 14. Gas intakes

Possibility of installation and supply of gas inlets with ISO and USA standards. ISO standards include the following types: DIN 13260-2, AFNOR NF S 90-116, SS 875 24 30, BS 5682:2015, CM, CZ, ENV 737-6 EN 15908, UNI 9507, SDEGA EN ISO 9170-2.

Within the US standards are the following standards: ALLIED/CHEMETRON, DISS, OHIO/OHMEDA, PURITAN/BENNETT and OXEQUIP/MEDSTAR.

Possibility of installation of different gas intakes: O2, Medical Air, Vacuum, N2O, CO2, Air 800, N2, Motive Air, Heliox and EGA intakes (Passive or with Venturi system).

#### 15. Accessories

DIN rails of different lengths can be installed. The maximum permissible length will be the length of the header, and this will depend on the project requirements.

DIN rails can be manufactured in stainless steel or aluminium.



When placing electrical devices in the deposition areas of the system head, be sure to maintain a safety distance of at least 20 cm from the power plug and/or on/off switch of the deposited device to the nearest oxygen (O2) or nitrous oxide (N2O) outlet point at the system head.



See section 2.2 of this manual.

### 6. Intended use

N270 belongs to the SICA family, systems designed to be fixed to the wall above the bed in hospital rooms, Emergency Box, ICU Box, URPA Box, etc. for the supply of medical gases, electric current and communication access points, direct and indirect nurse call device, lights and support bar for hanging other medical devices.

### 7. Use of equipment

The specifications of each of the functional elements of the equipment must be taken into account when using the equipment.

- Electrical, voice and data circuits.
- Nurse call
- Lighting
- Gas intakes



There may be actuators for switching on modules of the lighting modules in the room in which the equipment is installed.



See product and installation drawing supplied with the equipment.

NOTICE: Details of the elements and their characteristics can be found in the product definition drawing.

#### 7.1. Product preparation

Before COMMISSIONING, during MAINTENANCE, INSPECTION, SERVICE and after REPAIR, a functional test must be carried out at the installation site. This functional test must be carried out by the operator or a person authorised by the operator, and persons authorised by the operator must be properly instructed.

This requirement is considered fulfilled if:

1. The functional reliability of the system is assured.

- The maximum permissible load capacity (payload) has been safely determined and is indicated on a label attached to the service head.
- 3. The correct functioning of the device has been approved by the operator during the first commissioning and documented by signing a test report according to Appendix G EN 62353.

See point 3 of this manual.

WARNING: To prevent unintentional actuation of the control elements, ensure that all cables and hoses are sufficiently far away from the control elements.

#### 7.2. Environment. Environmental conditions

Ensure that the ambient conditions are within the prescribed range for proper operation of the equipment.



See section 5.2 of this manual.

#### 7.1. Training

Personnel making USE of the equipment must be properly trained and qualified by the customer. The equipment must only be USED by authorised personnel. Persons who:

1. have undergone medical training and are duly registered (at those levels where legal provisions make such registration necessary).

2. have been instructed in the use of this device by means of this instruction manual as a basis.

3. are able to assess the tasks they perform on the basis of their own professional experience and training in relevant safety standards and can recognise the potential hazards involved in the work.

### 8. Cleaning

Perform this operation with slightly moist cleaning instruments to ensure that no liquid enters the equipment. Since no part or component of the system is invasive, sterilisation is not necessary.



Do not use abrasive or very hard cleaning agents that may cause damage to the exterior coatings, such as disinfectants containing sodium hypochlorite, which is highly corrosive to aluminium.



WARNING: Damage to equipment may occur.

**Formaldehyde-free** disinfectants such as Saint Nebul Ald from Proder Pharma are recommended. Method of application:

4. Dilute 4 pulses of the valve supplied by the manufacturer per 5 litres of water.

N270

- 5. Spray the compound on the product and let it react for 15 minutes.
- 6. Remove with water or soap solution with a wrung out cloth.



Switch off the power supply

Contact with live parts can cause an electric shock.

- Always disconnect the device from the main power supply before cleaning and disinfecting it.
- Do not insert objects into the openings of the device.

### 9. Waste management

Applies WEE2012/19 and RoHS directive 2011/65/EU, amendment 2015/863/EU. The equipment has electrical and electronic components, so it cannot be disposed of as organic waste, but as electrical/electronic waste.

### 10. User information on warnings

Munder no circumstances should the user remove any part of the equipment enclosure to carry out checks.

#### 10.1. Lighting problems

In the event of a fault or malfunction in the lighting systems, check the ignition from all intended actuators. If the problem persists, contact maintenance personnel.

#### 10.2. Power supply problems

In the event of a fault or malfunction in any equipment connected to the supply unit, check this equipment by plugging it into another point of the equivalent supply unit. If the problem persists, contact service personnel.

#### 10.3. Problems with the supply of medical gases

In the event of a failure or malfunction in the medical gas supply system, check the following:

- That you are trying to make the connection at the corresponding gas connection.
- That the gas inlet actuator is working properly and is not blocked.

If the problem persists, contact your service personnel.

### 11. Incident warning information

Any serious incident related to the product must be reported to Tedisel Ibérica and to the competent authority of the member state where the user and/or the patient are established.



See point 1 of this manual.

### 12. Regulations

#### 12.1. Team ranking

According to the new **MDD** regulation **93/42/EEC** concerning medical devices, this product family is classified as:

- Class IIb, by Annex II, excluding section 4, regulation 11.
- Protection level IP20 according to IEC 60529

Equipment intended for continuous operation.

#### 12.2. Reference standards

The device complies with the safety requirements of the following standards and directives:

ISO11197: Medical supply units

IEC 60601-1: Medical electrical equipment. General requirements for basic safety and essential performance.

IEC 60601-1-2: Medical electrical equipment. Part 1-2. General requirements for basic safety and essential performance. Collateral standard. Electromagnetic disturbances.

#### 12.3. Electromagnetic compatibility

According to EN 60601-1-2:2015 this equipment is intended for use in the electromagnetic environment specified below. The user of this equipment must satisfy himself that it is being used in such an environment.

| Interference emission     | Compliance    | Comment                                               |  |
|---------------------------|---------------|-------------------------------------------------------|--|
| measurements              |               |                                                       |  |
| HF emissions according to | Group 1       | The supply unit uses HF energy exclusively for its    |  |
| CISPR 11 standard         |               | internal OPERATION. Therefore, its HF emissions are   |  |
|                           |               | minimal and interference with devices in its vicinity |  |
|                           |               | is unlikely.                                          |  |
| HF emissions according to | Class A       | The roof supply unit is suitable for use in non-      |  |
| CISPR 11 standard         |               | domestic installations and in installations that are  |  |
| Harmonic emissions        | Class A       | directly connected to the PUBLIC SUPPLY NETWORK,      |  |
| according to the standard |               | which also supplies residential buildings.            |  |
| IEC 61000-3-2             |               |                                                       |  |
| Emissions of voltage      | In accordance |                                                       |  |
| fluctuations/transients   | with          |                                                       |  |
| according to the standard |               |                                                       |  |
| IEC 61000-3-3             |               |                                                       |  |

| Interference        | Test level according | Level of compliance    | Environment/Guidelines          |
|---------------------|----------------------|------------------------|---------------------------------|
| resistance          | to IEC 60601         |                        |                                 |
| Static Electric     | ±8 kV contact        | ±8 kV contact          | Floors should be made of        |
| Discharge (ESD)     | discharge            | discharge              | wood, concrete or ceramics. If  |
| according to IEC    | 15 kV aerial         | 15 kV aerial discharge | the floor is covered with a     |
| 61000-4-2           | discharge            |                        | synthetic material, the         |
|                     |                      |                        | relative air humidity should    |
|                     |                      |                        | be at least 30%.                |
| Fast transient      | ±2 kV for power      | ±2 kV for power supply | The quality of the supply       |
| electrical          | supply cables        | cables                 | voltage should be typical for a |
| interference        | +1kV for input       | +1 kV for incoming and | commercial or hospital          |
| amplitudes / bursts | and output cables    | outgoing cables        | environment.                    |
| according to the    |                      |                        |                                 |
| norm                |                      |                        |                                 |
| IEC 61000-4-4       |                      |                        |                                 |
| Overvoltages        | ±1 kV phase-to-      | ±1 kV phase-to-phase   | The quality of the supply       |
| (waves) according   | phase voltage        | voltage                | voltage should be typical for a |
| to the standard     | ±2 kV phase to       | ±2 kV phase to ground  | commercial or hospital          |
| IEC 61000-4- 5      | ground voltage       | voltage                | environment.                    |
|                     |                      |                        |                                 |
|                     |                      |                        |                                 |

| Voltage dips and    | 100% of UN drop for  | 100% UN drop for      | The quality of the supply       |
|---------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------------|
| fluctuations of the | 0 E pariod 100% of   | 0 E pariad            | the quality of the supply       |
| supply voltage      |                      |                       | voltage should be typical for a |
| according to the    | UN arop for 1 period | 100% of UN drop for 1 | commercial or hospital          |
| according to the    | 30% of UN drop for   | period 30% of UN drop | environment.                    |
| standard            | 25 periods           | for 25 periods        | If the user of the roof supply  |
| IEC 61000-4- 11     |                      |                       | unit requires continuous        |
|                     | Remark:              |                       | operation even in case of       |
|                     | UN is the AC mains   |                       | power supply interruptions, it  |
|                     | voltage before       |                       | is recommended to supply the    |
|                     | applying the test    |                       | roof supply unit from a device  |
|                     | level.               |                       | with an uninterruptible power   |
|                     |                      |                       | supply or a battery.            |
|                     |                      |                       |                                 |
| Short interruptions | 100% for 5 s         |                       |                                 |
| of the supply       | 100/010133           |                       | ine quality of the supply       |
| voltago in          | Bomarki              |                       | voltage should be typical for a |
|                     | Kelliark.            |                       | commercial or hospital          |
| the standard        | UN IS THE AC MAINS   |                       | environment.                    |
| the standard        | voltage before       |                       | If the user of the roof supply  |
| IEC 61000-4- 11     | applying the test    |                       | unit requires continuous        |
|                     | level.               |                       | operation even in case of       |
|                     |                      |                       | power supply interruptions, it  |
|                     |                      |                       | is recommended to supply the    |
|                     |                      |                       | roof supply unit from a device  |
|                     |                      |                       | with an uninterruptible power   |
|                     |                      |                       | supply or a battery.            |
| Magnetic field for  | 30 A/m               | 30 A/m                | The magnetic fields created     |
| power supply        |                      |                       | by the mains frequency          |
| frequencies (50/60  |                      |                       | should be those of a            |
| Hz) according to    |                      |                       | commercial or hospital          |
| the standard        |                      |                       | environment.                    |
| IEC 61000-4-8       |                      |                       |                                 |
|                     |                      |                       |                                 |

| Interference resistance | Level of verification according to |              | Level of              | Environmer                                | nt/Guidelines |
|-------------------------|------------------------------------|--------------|-----------------------|-------------------------------------------|---------------|
|                         | IEC 60601                          |              | compliance            |                                           |               |
| HF interference         | 3 Vrms 150 kH                      | z to 80 MHz  | 3 Vrms                | AM 1KHz modulation<br>Depth 80% Depth 80% |               |
| induced by              | 6 Vrms ISM ba                      | nd           | 6 Vrms                |                                           |               |
| IEC 61000-4-6           |                                    |              |                       | Depth 80%                                 | 5 Depth       |
| HF interference         | RANGE                              | FREQUENCY    | MODULATION            | STEP                                      | LEVEL         |
|                         | A                                  | 80-1000MHz   | AM 1 kHz Prof: 80%    | LOG 1%                                    | 10 V/m        |
| induced by              | B                                  | 1000-2000MHz | AM 1 kHz Prof: 80%    | LOG 1%                                    | 10 V/m        |
|                         | C                                  | 2000-2700MHz | AM 1 kHz Prof: 80%    | LOG 1%                                    | 10 V/m        |
| IFC 61000-4-3           | D                                  | 385MHz       | PM 18 Hz Cycle: 50%   | -                                         | 27 V/m        |
| 120 01000 4 5           | E                                  | 450MHz       | FM 1 kHz Desv:± 5 kHz | -                                         | 28 V/m        |
|                         | F                                  | 810-930MHz   | PM 18 Hz Cycle: 50%   | -                                         | 28 V/m        |
|                         | G                                  | 1720-1970MHz | PM 217 Hz Cycle: 50%  | -                                         | 28 V/m        |
|                         | H                                  | 2450MHz      | PM 217 Hz Cycle: 50%  | -                                         | 28 V/m        |
|                         | I                                  | 5240-5785MHz | PM 217 Hz Cycle: 50%  | -                                         | 9 V/m         |
|                         |                                    |              |                       |                                           |               |

| Transmitter power rating | Safety distance depending on emission frequency Environment/Guidelines |              |               |  |
|--------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|---------------|--|
|                          | 150 kHz to 80                                                          | 80 MHz up to | 800 MHz up to |  |
|                          | MHz                                                                    | 800 MHz      | 2.5 GHz       |  |
|                          | D = 1,2 P                                                              | D = 1,2 P    | D = 2, 3 P    |  |
| 0,01                     | 0,12                                                                   | 0,12         | 0,23          |  |
| 0,1                      | 0,38                                                                   | 0,38         | 0,73          |  |
| 1                        | 1,2                                                                    | 1,2          | 2,3           |  |
| 10                       | 3,8                                                                    | 3,8          | 7,3           |  |
| 100                      | 12                                                                     | 12           | 23            |  |