

tediselmedical

ICARUS

USER AND CLEANING MANUAL



CE 0197

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ICARUS

User and cleaning manual

1. Manufacturer

Manufacturer: TEDISEL IBÉRICA S.L.

Address: C/ Sant Lluc, 69-81. 08918 - Badalona (Barcelona) SPAIN

Tel. +34 933 992 058

Fax +34 933 984 547

tedisel@tedisel.com

www.tediselmedical.com



2. Security information

Important notes in these operating instructions are marked with graphic symbols and signal words.

2.1. Injury risk warnings

Signal words such as DANGER, WARNING or CAUTION describe the degree of risk of injury. The different triangular symbols visually emphasise the degree of danger.



WARNING

Refers to a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.



CAUTION

Refers to a potential hazard which, if not avoided, may result in minor or slight injury.



DANGER

Refers to an immediate danger which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.

2.2. Warnings of risk of damage

The signal word WARNING describes the degree of risk of material damage. The triangular symbol visually emphasises the degree of danger.

Damage to surfaces: warns of damage to surfaces due to unsuitable cleaning agents and disinfectants.



NOTICE

Refers to a potential hazard which, if not avoided, may cause damage to the equipment.

2.3. Additional symbols used in the safety instructions



Fire hazard

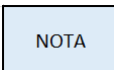


Explosion hazard: warns of ignition of explosive gas mixtures.



Dangerous voltage: warns about electric shocks that can cause serious injury or death.

2.4. Indication of additional information



A NOTE provides additional information and useful tips for safe and efficient use of the device.

2.5. Proper use of oxygen.

2.5.1. Oxygen explosion



Oxygen becomes explosive when it comes into contact with oils, greases and lubricants.

Compressed oxygen presents an explosion hazard:

- Make sure that oxygen and gas outlets are free of oil, greasy materials and lubricants!
- Do not use cleaning agents containing oil, grease or lubricants.

2.5.2. fire hazard



Escaping oxygen is fuel:

- Open fire, red-hot objects and open light are not allowed when working.

with oxygen!

- Don't smoke!

3. Risks

3.1. Gas explosion



Oxygen becomes explosive when it comes into contact with oils, greases and lubricants.

When in contact with oxygen in the air, medical gases may form an explosive or easily flammable gas mixture. The equipment is not suitable for use in environments containing flammable mixtures of anaesthetics with high concentrations of oxygen or nitrous oxide.

If such high concentrations of flammable mixtures of anaesthetics with oxygen or nitrous oxide occur in the environment of the device, there is a risk of ignition under certain conditions.

3.2. Risk of device malfunction



CAUTION: If a device is connected to the equipment and trips the protection mechanism of the corresponding circuit in the health care facility, other devices connected to the equipment will not receive power.

3.3. Fire risk



Plug-in connections for the supply of medical gases must not come into contact with oil, grease or flammable liquids.

3.4. Danger of electric shock



Signal cables (network, audio, video, etc.) must be electrically isolated from equipment and building connection ends to prevent contact with currents that can cause serious injury or death.

3.5. Essential Performance and Basic Safety Considerations

To ensure the BASIC SAFETY and ESSENTIAL PERFORMANCE, the following conditions are expected during the intended use:

- the electrical outlets work properly
- the light modules work properly

However, due to external unexpected EM disturbances, the ESSENTIAL PERFORMANCE can be degraded producing:

- Risk for the user/patient
- Cessation or interruption the power on the electrical outlets

3.6. EM Interference



WARNING: portable RF communications equipment, including antennas, can affect the systems. These types of devices should be used no closer than 30 cm (12 inches) to any part of the system, including cables”.

4. Symbols used



Applicable part B



Earth (mass)



Equipotentiality



Protective earth (ground)



Connection point for neutral conductor



Nurse call button



Direct lighting



Indirect lighting



Operating instructions



Health Product



Waste electrical equipment



CE symbol



Product code














Unique identification code



Serial number



Manufacturer

| | | |
|---|---------|-------------------------------------|
|  | | Date of manufacture |
|  | | Reference to the instruction manual |
|  | | Damage to surfaces |
|  | | Fire hazard |
|  | | Danger of explosion |
|  | | Dangerous tension |
|  | NOTICE | Notice |
|  | | Risk of finger entrapment |
|  | WARNING | Warning |
|  | CAUTION | Caution |
|  | DANGER | Danger |

5. Product data

This manual refers to the ICARUS model. This model is part of the SICA family.

5.1. Storage conditions

The individual packaging of this type of product consists of a bubble wrap on the inside and a cardboard box on the outside. Non-stackable packaging.

Under no circumstances should the product be stored with open or damaged packaging. If the product is inspected on receipt and installation is not carried out within 1 day, the product packaging must be resealed.



NOTICE: Failure to follow these instructions may result in damage to the equipment.

Recommended temperature range: -20 °C to 60 °C

Recommended humidity range: 10 % to 75 %.

Atmospheric pressure: 500 hPa to 1,060 hPa

5.2. Operating conditions



NOTICE: Failure to follow these instructions may result in damage to the equipment.

Recommended temperature range: -10 °C to 40 °C

Recommended humidity range: 30 % to 75 %.

Atmospheric pressure: 700 hPa to 1,060 hPa

5.3. Service life

The useful life of the SICA family of products is determined by the useful life of the medical gas intakes it incorporates, which is 8 years.

5.4. Product description

These systems have three main differentiated functions within the hospital and according to the area for which they are intended:

- Medical gas services
- Electrical, voice and data services
- Lighting

- Nurse call

The ICARUS model consists of a chassis made from aluminium profiles that allows the integration of electrical equipment, lighting, call, voice and data systems, and the installation and channelling of medical gas outlets.

Cables and accessories may be provided by the facility.

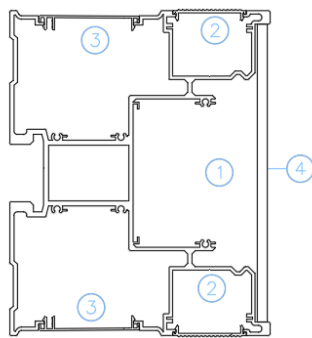


WARNING: The use of external cables or accessories not provided by Tedisel may negatively affect EMC performance.

5.4.1. ICARUS

Chassis made up of 6 cavities, with 2 internal separations for the passage of weak signals and electrical elements, and for the physical separation between gas components and electrical mechanisms. The assembly is closed at the front by means of a front panel that can be selected in different materials.

Main section:



1. Location of medical gases and electrical items
2. Location of wiring for lighting
3. Location of electrical elements
4. Front cover

Fig. 1 Icarus equipment chassis section

A typical ICARUS configuration is shown below with its respective electrical element covers, top and bottom, together with standard electrical and gas fittings:

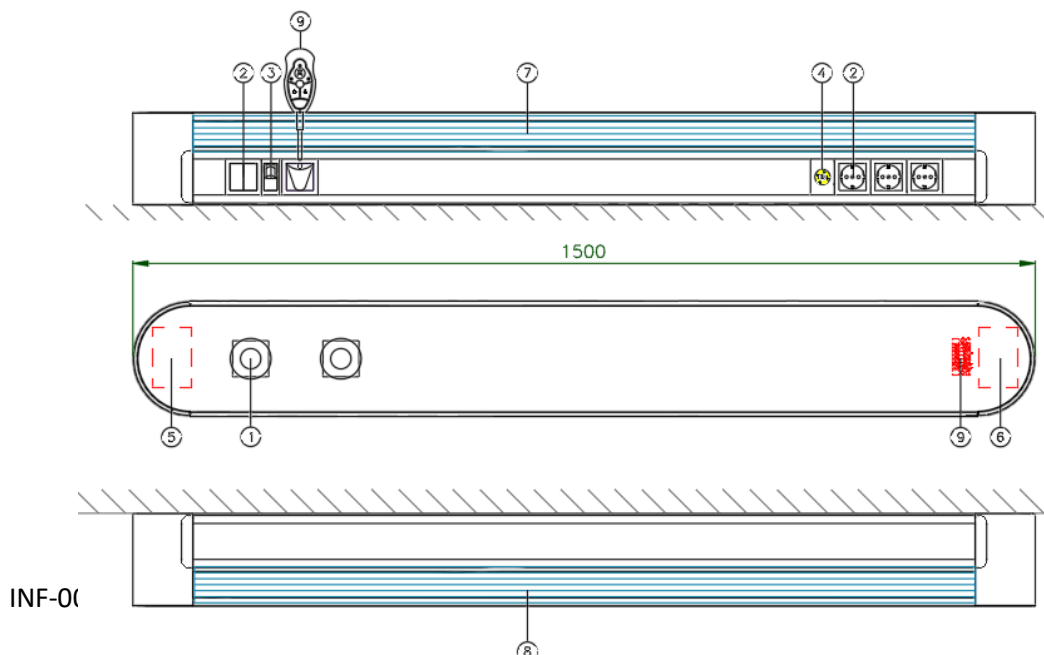


Fig. 2 Typical configuration for Icarus

1. Gas intakes
2. Electrical outlets for power supply of equipment
3. Single RJ45 socket
4. Grounding
5. Rear inlet for connection of gas pipes to the system
6. Rear entry for electrical connections to the installation and weak signals
7. LED strip for direct or reading light
8. LED strip for indirect or ambient lighting
9. Nurse call
10. Terminal block

The length of the chassis is variable according to each project. The maximum length per section is 3000 mm, subject to possible extensions depending on the requirements of the project or installation. In the case of continuous headboards for the supply of more than one bed, adjacent sections are assembled to form a longitudinal headboard with multiple sections.

3. Treatment and finishing

Aluminium profiles can be processed either raw and then polished or anodised.

Finishes can be epoxy paint or antibacterial paint.

The standard colour used is matt white, but any other colour is possible according to project specifications.

4. Front

Possibility of gluing vinyl on the front covers.

Possibility of obtaining the front panel in different materials, mineral compacts, phenolic, etc.

The designs or motifs of the vinyl and phenolic panels are subject to the specifications of each project.

Possibility of digital printing on the front covers.

5. Endwall options

Installation of end walls made of ABS.

6. Lighting

Installation of 10 W and 20 W LED strips, length 550 mm and colour temperature 4500 °K. Both 120 V and 230 V power supply.

Possibility of strips of different wattage and colour temperature subject to specific requests per project.

7. Drives

Possibility to control and manipulate the lighting by means of different actuators: switches, push buttons, nurse calls, potentiometers or dimmers and switches.

Possibility of installing pushbuttons or switches to control blinds.

Possibility of installing emergency mushroom pushbuttons.

8. Electrical outlets

Possibility of installation of electrical sockets type A and B (Normal and Hospital Grade), type C, D, E, F, G, H, I, J, K, L, M, N, O, and multi standard sockets.

Possibility of colour variation of the electrical socket in accordance with the regulations of the region and the needs of the project.

9. Voice & data sockets and weak signals

Possibility of installing RJ45 Cat. 5/6/6A/7/7A sockets, RJ12 sockets and RJ11 sockets.

Possibility of installation of hospital-compatible call systems, either from own supply, or provision and adaptation of modules supplied by third parties.

Possibility of installing relays, remote switches and 24V control system for switching and manipulation of the lighting via the call system.

10. Protection mechanisms and land

Earthing and equipotential bonding busbars can be installed.

11. Video & audio & data sockets

HDMI, S-VIDEO, 3G BNC, 4K SDI, VGA and DisplayPort sockets can be installed.

USB 2.0/3.0/3.1 sockets can be installed.

Possibility of installing USB chargers for charging mobile devices and *tablets*.

12. Future forecasts and/or enlargements

Possibility of installing blind covers to provide for elements and their future expansion.

13. Wakefulness pilots

Possibility of installing a 1W LED indicator light.

14. Gas intakes

Possibility of installation and supply of gas inlets with ISO/EN and NFPA/CGA standards. ISO/EN standards include the following types: DIN 13260-2, AFNOR NF S 90-116 / FD S 90-119, SS 875 24 30, BS 5682:2015, CM, CSN 85 2762, ENV 737-6, EN 15908, UNI 9507, SDEGA EN ISO 9170-2.

Within the NFPA/CGA standards are the following standards: ALLIED/CHEMETRON, DISS, OHIO/OHMEDA, PURITAN/BENNETT and OXEQUIP/MEDSTAR.

Possibility of installation of different gas intakes: O₂, Medical Air, Vacuum, N₂O, CO₂, Air 800, N₂, Motive Air, Heliox and EGA intakes (Passive or with Venturi system).



When placing electrical devices in the deposition areas of the system head, be sure to maintain a safety distance of at least 20 cm from the power plug and/or on/off switch of the deposited device to the nearest oxygen (O₂) or nitrous oxide (N₂O) outlet point at the system head.



See section 2.2 of this manual.

6. Intended use

ICARUS belongs to the SICA family, systems designed to be fixed to the wall above the bed in hospital rooms, Emergency Box, ICU Box, URPA Box, etc. for the supply of medical gases, electric current and communication access points, nurse call device, direct and indirect. lights and support bar for hanging other medical devices.

6.1. Incorrect use

No misuse has been detected, which could lead to risks or undesirable side effects.

7. Use of equipment

The specifications of each of the functional elements of the equipment must be taken into account when using the equipment.

- Electrical, voice and data circuits.
- Nurse call
- Lighting

- Gas intakes



There may be actuators for switching on modules of the lighting modules in the room in which the equipment is installed.



See product and installation drawing supplied with the equipment.



NOTICE: Details of the elements and their characteristics can be found in the product definition drawing.

7.1. Product preparation

Before COMMISSIONING, during MAINTENANCE, INSPECTION, SERVICE and after REPAIR, a functional test must be carried out at the installation site. This functional test must be carried out by the operator or a person authorised by the operator, and persons authorised by the operator must be properly instructed.

This requirement is considered fulfilled if:

1. The functional reliability of the system is assured.
2. The correct functioning of the device has been approved by the operator during the first commissioning and documented by signing a test report in accordance with Appendix G EN 62353.



See point 3 of this manual.



WARNING: To prevent unintentional actuation of the control elements, ensure that all cables and hoses are sufficiently far away from the control elements.

7.2. Environment. Environmental conditions

Ensure that the ambient conditions are within the prescribed range for proper operation of the equipment.



See section 5.2 of this manual.

7.3. Training

Personnel making USE of this equipment must be properly trained and qualified by the customer. The equipment must only be USED by authorised personnel. Persons who:

1. Have received medical training and are duly registered (in those areas where the legal provisions make such registration necessary).

2. Have been instructed in the use of this device by means of this instruction manual as a basis.
3. Are able to assess the tasks they perform on the basis of their own professional experience and training in relevant safety standards and can recognise the potential hazards involved in the work.

8. Cleaning

Perform this operation with slightly moist cleaning instruments to ensure that no liquid enters the equipment. Since no part or component of the system is invasive, sterilisation is not necessary.



Do not use abrasive or very hard cleaning agents that may cause damage to the exterior coatings, such as disinfectants containing sodium hypochlorite, which is highly corrosive to aluminium.



WARNING: Damage to equipment may occur.

Formaldehyde-free disinfectants such as Saint Nebul Aid from Proder Pharma are recommended.

Method of application:

3. Dilute 4 pulses of the valve supplied by the manufacturer per 5 litres of water.
4. Spray the compound on the product and let it react for 15 minutes.
5. Remove with water or soap solution with a wrung out cloth.



Switch off the power supply

Contact with live parts can cause an electric shock.

- Always disconnect the device from the main power supply before cleaning and disinfecting it.
- Do not insert objects into the openings of the device.

9. Waste management

Applies WEE2012/19 and RoHS directive 2011/65/EU, amendment 2015/863/EU. The equipment has electrical and electronic components, so it cannot be disposed of as organic waste, but as electrical/electronic waste.

10. User information on warnings



Under no circumstances shall the user remove any part of the equipment enclosure to carry out checks.

10.1. Lighting problems

In the event of a fault or malfunction in the lighting systems, check the ignition from all intended actuators. If the problem persists, contact maintenance personnel.

10.2. Power supply problems

In the event of a fault or malfunction in any equipment connected to the supply unit, check this equipment by plugging it into another point of the equivalent supply unit. If the problem persists, contact service personnel.

10.3. Problems with the supply of medical gases

In the event of a failure or malfunction in the medical gas supply system, check the following:

- That you are trying to make the connection at the corresponding gas connection.
- That the gas inlet actuator is working properly and is not blocked.

If the problem persists, contact your service personnel.

11. Incident warning information

Any serious incident related to the product must be reported to Tedisel Ibérica and to the competent authority of the member state where the user and/or the patient are established.



See point 1 of this manual.

12. Regulations

12.1. Team ranking

According to the new MDD regulation 93/42/EEC on medical devices, this product family is classified as:

- Class IIb, by Annex II, excluding section 4, regulation 11.
- Protection level IP20 according to IEC 60529

Equipment intended for continuous operation.

12.2. Reference standards

The device complies with the safety requirements of the following standards and directives:

ISO11197: Medical supply units

IEC 60601-1: Medical electrical equipment. General requirements for basic safety and essential performance.

IEC 60601-1-2: Medical electrical equipment. Part 1-2. General requirements for basic safety and essential performance. Collateral standard. Electromagnetic disturbances.

12.3. Electromagnetic compatibility

According to EN 60601-1-2:2015 this equipment is intended for use in the electromagnetic environment specified below. The user of this equipment must satisfy himself that it is being used in such an environment.

| Interference emission measurements | Compliance | Comment |
|--|--------------------|--|
| HF emissions according to CISPR 11 standard | Group 1 | The supply unit uses HF energy exclusively for its internal OPERATION. Therefore, its HF emissions are minimal and interference with devices in its vicinity is unlikely. |
| HF emissions according to CISPR 11 standard | Class A | The roof supply unit is suitable for use in non-domestic installations and in installations that are directly connected to the PUBLIC SUPPLY NETWORK, which also supplies residential buildings. <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; display: inline-block;">NOTA</div> The EMISSIONS characteristics of this equipment make it suitable for use in industrial areas and hospitals (CISPR 11 class A). If it is used in a residential ENVIRONMENT (for which CISPR 11 class B is normally required) this equipment might not offer adequate protection to radio-frequency communication services. The user might need to take mitigation measures, such as relocating or re-orienting the equipment. |
| Harmonic emissions according to the standard IEC 61000-3-2 | Class A | |
| Emissions of voltage fluctuations/transients according to the standard IEC 61000-3-3 | In accordance with | |

| Interference resistance | Test level according to IEC 60601 | Level of compliance | Environment/Guidelines |
|--|---|---|---|
| Static Electric Discharge (ESD) according to IEC | ±8 kV contact discharge 15 kV aerial | ±8 kV contact discharge 15 kV aerial discharge | Floors should be made of wood, concrete or ceramics. If the floor is covered with a |

| | | | |
|--|--|---|--|
| 61000-4-2 | discharge | | synthetic material, the relative air humidity should be at least 30%. |
| Fast transient electrical interference amplitudes / bursts according to the norm IEC 61000-4-4 | ±2 kV for power supply cables ±1kV for input and output cables | ±2 kV for power supply cables ±1 kV for incoming and outgoing cables | The quality of the supply voltage should be typical for a commercial or hospital environment. |
| Overvoltages (waves) according to IEC 61000-4- 5 | ±1 kV phase-to-phase voltage ±2 kV phase to ground voltage | ±1 kV phase-to-phase voltage ±2 kV phase to ground voltage | The quality of the supply voltage should be typical for a commercial or hospital environment. |
| Voltage dips and fluctuations of the supply voltage according to the standard IEC 61000-4- 11 | 100% of U_N fall for 0.5 period 100% of U_N fall for 1 period 30% of U_N fall for 25 periods Remark: U_N is the AC mains voltage before applying the test level. | 100% U_N drop for 0.5 period 100% drop in U_N for 1 period 30% drop in U_N for 25 periods | The quality of the supply voltage should be typical for a commercial or hospital environment. If the user of the roof supply unit requires continuous operation even in case of power supply interruptions, it is recommended to supply the roof supply unit from a device with an uninterruptible power supply or a battery. |
| Short interruptions of the supply voltage according to the standard IEC 61000-4- 11 | 100% for 5 s Remark: U_N is the AC mains voltage before applying the test level. | | The quality of the supply voltage should be typical for a commercial or hospital environment. If the user of the roof supply unit requires continuous operation even in case of |

| | | | |
|--|--------|--------|---|
| | | | power supply interruptions, it is recommended to supply the roof supply unit from a device with an uninterruptible power supply or a battery. |
| Magnetic field for power supply frequencies (50/60 Hz) according to the standard IEC 61000-4-8 | 30 A/m | 30 A/m | The magnetic fields created by the mains frequency should be those of a commercial or hospital environment. |

| Transmitter power rating | Safety distance depending on emission frequency Environment/Guidelines | | |
|--------------------------|--|--|--|
| | 150 kHz to 80 MHz <i>D = 1,2 P</i> | 80 MHz up to 800 MHz <i>D = 1,2 P</i> | 800 MHz up to 2.5 GHz <i>D = 2, 3 P</i> |
| 0,01 | 0,12 | 0,12 | 0,23 |
| 0,1 | 0,38 | 0,38 | 0,73 |
| 1 | 1,2 | 1,2 | 2,3 |
| 10 | 3,8 | 3,8 | 7,3 |
| 100 | 12 | 12 | 23 |

| Interference resistance | Level of verification according to IEC 60601 | Level of compliance | Environment/Guidelines (m) | | | | |
|--|--|---------------------|--|--------------|-----------------------|--------|--------|
| | | | RANGE | FREQUENCY | MODULATION | STEP | LEVEL |
| HF interference induced by IEC 61000-4-6 | 3 Vrms 150 kHz to 80 MHz 6 Vrms ISM band | 3 Vrms 6 Vrms | AM 1KHz modulation Depth 80% Depth 80% Depth 80% Depth | | | | |
| HF interference induced by IEC 61000-4-3 | | | A | 80-1000MHz | AM 1 kHz Prof: 80% | LOG 1% | 10 V/m |
| | | | B | 1000-2000MHz | AM 1 kHz Prof: 80% | LOG 1% | 10 V/m |
| | | | C | 2000-2700MHz | AM 1 kHz Prof: 80% | LOG 1% | 10 V/m |
| | | | D | 385MHz | PM 18 Hz Cycle: 50% | - | 27 V/m |
| | | | E | 450MHz | FM 1 kHz Desv:± 5 kHz | - | 28 V/m |
| | | | F | 810-930MHz | PM 18 Hz Cycle: 50% | - | 28 V/m |
| | | | G | 1720-1970MHz | PM 217 Hz Cycle: 50% | - | 28 V/m |
| | | | H | 2450MHz | PM 217 Hz Cycle: 50% | - | 28 V/m |
| | | | I | 5240-5785MHz | PM 217 Hz Cycle: 50% | - | 9 V/m |



WARNING: stacking the device or installing the device close to other equipment may affect to the performance of the systems due to EMI disturbances.