tediselmedical

ANTEA

MAINTENANCE MANUAL



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1. Manufacturer

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2. Security information

Important notes in these operating instructions are marked with graphic symbols and signal words.

2.1. Injury risk warnings

Signal words such as DANGER, WARNING or CAUTION describe the degree of risk of injury. The different triangular symbols visually emphasise the degree of danger.



WARNING

Refers to a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided,

could result in death or serious injury.



CAUTION

Refers to a potential hazard which, if not avoided, may result in minor

or slight injury.



DANGER

Refers to an immediate danger which, if not avoided, will result in

death or serious injury.



Risk of finger entrapment

2.2. Warnings of risk of damage

The signal word WARNING describes the degree of risk of material damage. The triangular symbol visually emphasises the degree of danger.





NOTICE

Damage to surfaces: warns of damage to surfaces due to unsuitable cleaning agents and disinfectants.

Refers to a potential hazard which, if not avoided, may cause damage to the equipment.

2.3. Supplementary symbols used in the safety instructions



Fire hazard



Explosion hazard: warns of ignition of explosive gas mixtures.



Dangerous voltage: warns about electric shocks that can cause serious injury or death.

2.4. Indication of additional information



A NOTE provides additional information and useful tips for safe and efficient use of the device.

2.5. Proper use of oxygen.

2.5.1. Oxygen explosion



Oxygen becomes explosive when it comes into contact with oils, greases and lubricants.

Compressed oxygen presents an explosion hazard:

- Make sure that oxygen and gas outlets are free of oil, greasy materials and lubricants!
- Do not use cleaning agents containing oil, grease or lubricants.

2.5.2. Fire hazard



Escaping oxygen is fuel:

- Open fire, red-hot objects and open light are not allowed when working with oxygen!

- Don't smoke!

3. Risks

3.1. Gas explosion



Oxygen becomes explosive when it comes into contact with oils, greases and lubricants.

When in contact with oxygen in the air, medical gases may form an explosive or easily flammable gas mixture. The equipment is not suitable for use in environments containing flammable mixtures of anaesthetics with high concentrations of oxygen or nitrous oxide.

If such high concentrations of flammable mixtures of anaesthetics with oxygen or nitrous oxide occur in the environment of the device, there is a risk of ignition under certain conditions.

3.2. Risk of device malfunction



CAUTION: If a device is connected to the equipment and trips the protection mechanism of the corresponding circuit in the health care facility, other devices connected to the equipment will not receive power.

3.3. Fire risk



Plug-in connections for the supply of medical gases must not come into contact with oil, grease or flammable liquids.

3.4. Danger of electric shock



Signal cables (network, audio, video, etc.) must be electrically isolated from equipment and building connection ends to prevent contact with currents that can cause serious injury or death.

4. Symbols used



Applicable part B



Earth (mass)



Equipotentiality



Protective earth (ground)



Connection point for neutral conductor



Nurse call button



Direct lighting



Indirect lighting



Operating instructions



Health Product



Waste electrical equipment





CE symbol



Product code



Unique identification code

SN

Serial number



Manufacturer



Date of manufacture



Reference to the instruction manual



Damage to surfaces



Fire hazard



Danger of explosion



Dangerous tension



NOTICE

Notice



Risk of finger entrapment



WARNING

Warning



Caution



DANGER

Danger

5. Product data

This manual refers to the ANTEA model. This model is part of the SICA family.

5.1. Storage conditions

The individual packaging of this type of product consists of a bubble wrap on the inside and a cardboard box on the outside. Non-stackable packaging.

Under no circumstances should the product be stored with open or damaged packaging. If the product is inspected on receipt and installation is not carried out within 1 day, the product packaging must be resealed.



NOTICE: Failure to follow these instructions may result in damage to the equipment.

Recommended temperature range: -20 °C to 60 °C

Recommended humidity range: 10 % to 75 %.

Atmospheric pressure: 500 hPa to 1,060 hPa

5.2. Operating conditions



NOTICE: Failure to follow these instructions may result in damage to the equipment.

Recommended temperature range: -10 °C to 40 °C

Recommended humidity range: 30 % to 75 %.

Atmospheric pressure: 700 hPa to 1,060 hPa

5.3. Service life

The useful life of the SICA family of products is determined by the useful life of the medical gas intakes it incorporates, which is 8 years.

5.4. Purpose of the product

These systems have three main distinct functions within the hospital:

- Medical gas services
- Electrical, voice and data services
- Nurse call

They consist of a chassis made of aluminium profiles, which integrates the electrical equipment, call, voice and data systems, and installation and channelling of medical gas outlets.

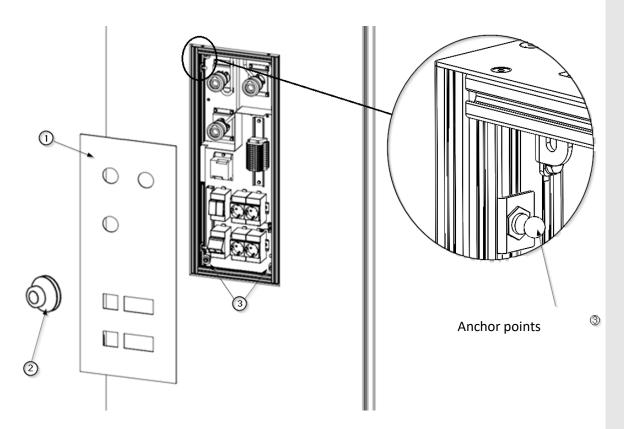
6. Maintenance

6.1. Training

Personnel performing the installation must be properly trained and qualified by the customer. Persons who:

- 1. have received the training and are duly registered (at those levels where legal provisions make such registration necessary).
- 2. have been instructed in the maintenance of this device by means of this instruction manual as a basis.
- 3. are able to assess the tasks they perform on the basis of their own professional experience and training in relevant safety standards and can recognise the potential hazards involved in the work.

6.2. Removal/assembly of main or front cover



ANTEA

Fig. 1 Removal of the front of ANTEA

- Remove the cover ① using the suction cup ②. All gas, electrical, voice and data circuits will be exposed.
- To refit, present the cover and locate the anchorage points ③.
- Press on the cover in the area of the anchor points ③ until you hear the clipping sound.



Make sure not to place fingers near the sides of the ANTEA cover.

 Check that the cover is securely in place and that all electrical and gas elements are correctly positioned.

6.3. Medical gas supply circuits



It is recommended that the equipment be disconnected electrically before servicing.

Remove the front cover of the equipment as described in the previous point.



See point 6.2 of this manual

Passage	Description	1	Periodicity	Tools/supplies
1	A) Pe int	rform a thorough visual inspection of all terior ductwork for signs of wear or	Annual	Screwdriver set, protective gloves, torch, torch, etc.
2	Leak Detect		Biannual	Soap solution, brush or paintbrush
	B) Wi	epare a soap solution in a container. ith a brush or paintbrush, apply the lution to the junction points of the piping the gas terminal units, and other soldered		
	C) Wa	nnections. atch for bubbles to form, indicating the esence of a leak.		
	,	a leak is detected, mark the area for later rrection.		
3		of gas terminal brackets: ysically assess the condition and integrity	Annual	Hand tools, protective gloves

	В)	of the trunking supports. Check for wear or structural damage. Ensure that the brackets are firmly fixed to the profile and that there is no movement or play in the brackets.		
4 N	A) B)	After each inspection or intervention, record in a document or management system all details, such as date, findings, actions taken, name of technician, and parts replaced. Keep this record organised and accessible for future reference and audits.	Always	Maintenance log

Additional note: Be sure to follow all relevant safety regulations and recommendations. It is essential that personnel involved in these tasks are properly trained and wear personal protective equipment.

6.4. Electrical and voice and data circuits, lighting



It is recommended that the equipment be disconnected electrically before servicing.

• Remove the front cover of the equipment as described in section 6.2 of this manual.



See point 6.2 of this manual

- Sockets: Check voltage at each of the equipment's sockets.
- Lighting: On/off check from push buttons on the equipment and/or from the call control.
- Voice and data: Checking of each of the mechanisms of the equipment and call control by the centre's IT and communications staff.
- Replace the front cover of the equipme

6.5. Envelopes and structural elements

Carry out a visual inspection to detect if any item is not properly fixed.



In case of suspicion, carry out a physical check of the elements and refasten them properly.

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6.6. Maintenance plan

Item to be	Description	Periodicity	Method of inspection
Gas outlets	Inspection of medical gas intakes*.	Annual	Visual inspection and functional test Ease of connection and disconnection manoeuvres Wear and tear or damage Marking and labelling
Copper gas connection I	Overhaul and status check*. It is recommended to disconnect the equipment electrically before proceeding with the overhaul.	Annual	Visual inspection Verification of supports See point 6.3 Medical gas supply circuits
Copper gas connections II	Overhaul and status check*. It is recommended to disconnect the equipment electrically before proceeding with the overhaul.	Biannual	Leak detection See point 6.3 Medical gas supply circuits
Nurse call	Operation of the call system	Half-yearly	Simulation of call and system response. Ensure effective communication with nursing
Switches	Checking of the lighting actuation	Annual	Functional test. Check operability
RJ45 sockets	Inspection of voice and data sockets	Annual	Connecting to devices and testing data transfer
Electrical outlets	Verification of equipment power supply*.	Half-yearly	Use of a multimeter to check supply voltage and continuity (3), and connection of devices
Electrical and data cabling	Review and check of status and functionality*. It is recommended to disconnect the equipment electrically before	Annual	Visual inspection and functional test. Check connections, and correct signalling. Check according to applicable

	proceeding with the overhaul.		regulations See section 6.4 Electrical, voice and data circuits, lighting, etc.
Entrances (gas	Checking pipe and electrical	Annual	Visual inspection. Check
and electrical)	connections*.		connections, absence of obstructions and correct marking.
Video & audio	Operation of HDMI and USB sockets,	Annual	Device connection and
outlets	etc.		data/video/audio transfer
Protection	Verification of earths and	Annual	Use of a multimeter (3) for
mechanisms	protections*.		continuity tests
Treatment and finishing	Check paint condition	Annual	Visual inspection and tactile test (4)
Vinyls and phenolics	Check condition of vinyls and plates	Annual	Visual inspection and tactile test (4)
Front	Inspection of the front end and its condition	Annual	Visual inspection and tactile test (4)
Ball retainers	Inspection of ball retainers securing the front end to the frame*.	Annual	Visual inspection and tensile test
Chassis and	Inspection of the tubular profile and	Annual	Visual and tactile inspection (4) to
Structure	sheet aluminium structure		detect deformities

Damaged, deformed or missing components must be replaced as soon as possible. In that case contact the supplier of the Equipment.

*If one of the above points is found to be non-compliant during the inspection, the system must be shut down immediately as a precautionary measure to prevent further damage to persons and equipment. Notify the system supplier immediately.

(3) Use of the multimeter:

It shall be used to verify that electrical outlets and related components are operating
correctly. With it, values such as voltage (to ensure that the sockets are providing the correct
voltage), resistance (to identify possible faults or short circuits) and continuity (to ensure that
circuits are complete and there are no interruptions) can be measured.

(4) Tactile test:

- This refers to using touch to evaluate a surface or component. For example, by running the
 hand or fingers over the paint on a structure, one can determine if there are any
 irregularities, bumps or flaking.
- The test shall be considered successful if, to the touch, the surface is uniform, with no perceptible irregularities and no signs of flaking or deterioration.

7. Cleaning

Perform this operation with slightly moist cleaning instruments to ensure that no liquid enters the equipment. Since no part or component of the system is invasive, sterilisation is not necessary.



Do not use abrasive or very hard cleaning agents that may cause damage to the exterior coatings, such as disinfectants containing sodium hypochlorite, which is highly corrosive to aluminium.



WARNING: Damage to equipment may occur.

Formaldehyde-free disinfectants such as Saint Nebul Ald from Proder Pharma are recommended. Method of application:

- 1. Dilute 4 pulses of the valve supplied by the manufacturer per 5 litres of water.
- 2. Spray the compound on the product and let it react for 15 minutes.
- 3. Remove with water or soap solution with a wrung out cloth.



Switch off the power supply

Contact with live parts can cause an electric shock.

- Always disconnect the device from the main power supply before cleaning and disinfecting it.
- Do not insert objects into the openings of the device.

8. Waste management

Applies WEE2012/19 and RoHS directive 2011/65/EU, amendment 2015/863/EU. The equipment has electrical and electronic components, so it cannot be disposed of as organic waste, but as electrical/electronic waste.

Maintenance Manual

9. Regulations

9.1. Team ranking

According to the new **MDD** regulation **93/42/EEC** on medical devices, this product family is classified as:

- Class IIb, by Annex II, excluding section 4, regulation 11.
- Protection level IP20 according to IEC 60529

Equipment intended for continuous operation.

9.2. Reference standards

The device complies with the safety requirements of the following standards and directives:

ISO11197: Medical supply units

IEC 60601-1: Medical electrical equipment. General requirements for basic safety and essential performance.

IEC 60601-1-2: Medical electrical equipment. Part 1-2. General requirements for basic safety and essential performance. Collateral standard. Electromagnetic disturbances.

9.3. Electromagnetic compatibility.

According to EN 60601-1-2:2015 this equipment is intended for use in the electromagnetic environment specified below. The user of this equipment must satisfy himself that it is being used in such an environment.

Interference emission	Compliance	Comment
measurements		
HF emissions according to	Group 1	The supply unit uses HF energy exclusively for its
CISPR 11 standard		internal OPERATION. Therefore, its HF emissions are
		minimal and interference with devices in its vicinity
		is unlikely.
HF emissions according to	Class A	The roof supply unit is suitable for use in non-
CISPR 11 standard		domestic installations and in installations that are
Harmonic emissions	Class A	directly connected to the PUBLIC SUPPLY NETWORK,
according to the standard		which also supplies residential buildings.
IEC 61000-3-2		
Emissions of voltage	In accordance	

fluctuations/transients	with	
according to the standard		
IEC 61000-3-3		

Interference resistance	Test level according	Level of compliance	Environment/Guidelines
	to IEC 60601		
Static Electric	±8 kV contact	±8 kV contact	Floors should be made of wood,
Discharge (ESD)	discharge	discharge	concrete or ceramics. If the
according to IEC	15 kV aerial	15 kV aerial discharge	floor is covered with a synthetic
61000-4-2	discharge		material, the relative air
			humidity should be at least
			30%.
Fast transient	±2 kV for power	±2 kV for power supply	The quality of the supply
electrical	supply cables	cables	voltage should be typical for a
interference	±1kV for input	±1 kV for incoming and	commercial or hospital
amplitudes / bursts	and output cables	outgoing cables	environment.
according to the		casponia casies	
norm			
IEC 61000-4-4			
Overvoltage (wave)	±1 kV phase-to-	±1 kV phase-to-phase	The quality of the supply
according to IEC	phase voltage	voltage	voltage should be typical of a
61000-4- 5	±2 kV phase to	±2 kV phase to ground	commercial or hospital
	ground voltage	voltage	environment.
Voltage dips and	100% of UN drop for	100% UN drop for	The quality of the supply
fluctuations of the	0.5 period 100% of	0.5 period	voltage should be typical for a
supply voltage	UN drop for 1 period	100% drop in UN for 1	commercial or hospital
according to the	30% of UN drop for	period 30% drop in UN	environment.
standard	25 periods	for 25 periods	If the user of the roof supply
IEC 61000-4- 11			unit requires continuous
	Remark:		operation even in case of power
	UN is the AC mains		supply interruptions, it is
	voltage before		recommended to supply the
	applying the test		roof supply unit from a device
	level.		with an uninterruptible power
			supply or a battery.

Short interruptions of the supply voltage in accordance with the standard IEC 61000-4- 11	100% for 5 s Remark: UN is the AC mains voltage before applying the test level.		The quality of the supply voltage should be typical for a commercial or hospital environment. If the user of the roof supply unit requires continuous operation even in case of power supply interruptions, it is recommended to supply the roof supply unit from a device with an uninterruptible power supply or a battery.
Magnetic field for power supply frequencies (50/60 Hz) according to the standard IEC 61000-4-8	30 A/m	30 A/m	The magnetic fields created by the mains frequency should be those of a commercial or hospital environment.

Interference resistance	Level of verification according to		Level of	Environme	nt/Guidelines		
	IE	C 60601		compliance			
HF interference	31	/rms 150 kHz	to 80 MHz	3 Vrms	AM 1KHz r	modulation	
induced by IEC 61000-4-6		Vrms ISM ban		6 Vrms	Denth 80%	% Depth 80%	
			-		Depth 80% Depth		
HF interference		RANGE	FREQUENCY	MODULATION	STEP	LEVEL	
		A	80-1000MHz	AM 1 kHz Prof: 80%	LOG 1%	10 V/m	
induced by		В	1000-2000MHz	AM 1 kHz Prof: 80%	LOG 1%	10 V/m	
,		C	2000-2700MHz	AM 1 kHz Prof: 80%	LOG 1%	10 V/m	
IEC 61000-4-3		D	385MHz	PM 18 Hz Cycle: 50%	-	27 V/m	
120 01000-4-3		E	450MHz	FM 1 kHz Desv:± 5 kHz	-	28 V/m	
		F	810-930MHz	PM 18 Hz Cycle: 50%	-	28 V/m	
		G	1720-1970MHz	PM 217 Hz Cycle: 50%	-	28 V/m	
		H	2450MHz	PM 217 Hz Cycle: 50%	-	28 V/m	
		I	5240-5785MHz	PM 217 Hz Cycle: 50%	-	9 V/m	

Transmitter power rating	Safety distance depending on emission frequency Environment/Guidelines					
	150 kHz to 80	80 MHz up to	800 MHz up to 2.5			

Ш	
H	
Z	
4	

	MHz	800 MHz	GHz
	D = 1,2 P	D = 1,2 P	D = 2, 3 P
0,01	0,12	0,12	0,23
0,1	0,38	0,38	0,73
1	1,2	1,2	2,3
10	3,8	3,8	7,3
100	12	12	23