tediselmedical

ADONIS

MAINTENANCE MANUAL



tediselmedical.com



Content

1.	M	lanufacturer3					
2.	Se	ecurity	information	3			
	2.1.	Inju	ry risk warnings	3			
	2.2.	War	nings of risk of damage	3			
	2.3.	Add	itional symbols used in the safety instructions	4			
	2.4.	Indi	cation of additional information	4			
	2.5.	Prop	per use of oxygen	4			
	2.	.5.1.	Oxygen explosion	4			
	2.	.5.2.	fire hazard	4			
3.	Ri	isks		5			
	3.1.	Gas	explosion	5			
	3.2.	Risk	of device malfunction	5			
	3.3.	Fire	risk	5			
	3.4.	Dan	ger of electric shock	5			
4.	Sy	ymbols	used	5			
5.	Pı	roduct (data	8			
	5.1.	Stor	age conditions	8			
	5.2.	Ope	rating conditions	8			
	5.3.	Serv	rice life	9			
	5.4.	Pur	pose of the product	9			
6.	M	1ainten	ance	9			
	6.1.	Trai	ning	9			
	6.2.	Med	dical gas supply circuits	9			
	6.3.	Elec	trical and voice and data circuits, lighting	. 11			
	6.4.	Rep	lacement of LED strips and drivers in lighting module s	. 11			
	6.5.	Enve	elopes and structural elements	. 12			
	6.6.	Mai	ntenance plan	. 13			
7.	Cl	leaning		. 15			
8.	El	liminati	on	. 16			
9.	Re	egulatio	ons	. 16			
	9.1.	Tea	m ranking	. 16			
	9.2.	Refe	erence standards	. 16			
	9.3.	Elec	tromagnetic compatibility	. 17			

Maintenance Manual

1. Manufacturer

Manufacturer: TEDISEL IBÉRICA S.L.

Address: C/ Sant Lluc, 69-81. 08918 - Badalona (Barcelona) SPAIN

Tel. +34 933 992 058 Fax +34 933 984 547 tedisel@tedisel.com

www.tediselmedical.com



2. Security information

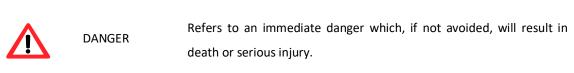
Important notes in these operating instructions are marked with graphic symbols and signal words.

2.1. Injury risk warnings

Signal words such as DANGER, WARNING or CAUTION describe the degree of risk of injury. The different triangular symbols visually emphasise the degree of danger.

\triangle	WARNING	Refers to a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided,
<u></u>	William	could result in death or serious injury.

CAUTION Refers to a potential hazard which, if not avoided, may result in minor or slight injury.





2.2. Warnings of risk of damage

The signal word WARNING describes the degree of risk of material damage. The triangular symbol visually emphasises the degree of danger.

4 of 19



Damage to surfaces: warns of damage to surfaces due to unsuitable cleaning agents and disinfectants.



NOTICE

Refers to a potential hazard which, if not avoided, may cause damage to the equipment.

2.3. Additional symbols used in the safety instructions



Fire hazard



Explosion hazard: warns of ignition of explosive gas mixtures.



Dangerous voltage: warns about electric shocks that can cause serious injury or death.

2.4. Indication of additional information



A NOTE provides additional information and useful tips for safe and efficient use of the device.

2.5. Proper use of oxygen.

2.5.1. Oxygen explosion



Oxygen becomes explosive when it comes into contact with oils, greases and lubricants.

Compressed oxygen presents an explosion hazard:

- Make sure that oxygen and gas outlets are free of oil, greasy materials and lubricants!
- Do not use cleaning agents containing oil, grease or lubricants.

2.5.2. fire hazard



DANGER: Escaping oxygen is combustible:

- Open fire, red-hot objects and open light are not allowed when working with oxygen!
- Don't smoke!

3. Risks

3.1. Gas explosion



Oxygen becomes explosive when it comes into contact with oils, greases and lubricants.

When in contact with oxygen in the air, medical gases may form an explosive or easily flammable gas mixture. The equipment is not suitable for use in environments containing flammable mixtures of anaesthetics with high concentrations of oxygen or nitrous oxide.

If such high concentrations of flammable mixtures of anaesthetics with oxygen or nitrous oxide occur in the environment of the device, there is a risk of ignition under certain conditions.

3.2. Risk of device malfunction



CAUTION: If a device is connected to the equipment and trips the protection mechanism of the corresponding circuit in the health care facility, other devices connected to the equipment will not receive power.

3.3. Fire risk



Plug-in connections for the supply of medical gases must not come into contact with oil, grease or flammable liquids.

3.4. Danger of electric shock



Signal cables (network, audio, video, etc.) must be electrically isolated from equipment and the ends of building connections to prevent contact with currents that can cause serious injury or death.

4. Symbols used



Applicable part B



Earth (mass)



Equipotentiality



Protective earth (ground)



Connection point for neutral conductor



Nurse call button



Direct lighting



Indirect lighting



Operating instructions



Health Product



Waste electrical equipment





CE symbol



Product code



Unique identification code

Serial number



Manufacturer



Date of manufacture



Reference to the instruction manual



Damage to surfaces



Fire hazard



Danger of explosion



Dangerous tension



NOTICE

Notice



Risk of finger entrapment

WARNING Warning

CAUTION Caution

DANGER Danger

5. Product data

This manual refers to the ADONIS model. This model is part of the SICA family.

5.1. Storage conditions

The individual packaging of this type of product consists of a bubble wrap on the inside and a cardboard box on the outside. Non-stackable packaging.

Under no circumstances should the product be stored with open or damaged packaging. If the product is inspected on receipt and installation is not carried out within 1 day, the product packaging must be resealed.



NOTICE: Failure to follow these instructions may result in damage to the equipment.

Recommended temperature range: -20 °C to 60 °C

Recommended humidity range: 10 % to 75 %.

Atmospheric pressure: 500 hPa to 1,060 hPa

5.2. Operating conditions



NOTICE: Failure to follow these instructions may result in damage to the equipment.

Recommended temperature range: -10 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ to 40 $^{\circ}\text{C}$

Recommended humidity range: 30 % to 75 %.

Atmospheric pressure: 700 hPa to 1,060 hPa

5.3. Service life

The useful life of the SICA family of products is determined by the useful life of the medical gas intakes it incorporates, which is 8 years.

5.4. Purpose of the product

These systems have three main distinct functions within the hospital:

- Medical gas services
- Electrical, voice and data services
- Lighting
- Nurse call

They consist of a chassis made of aluminium profiles, which integrates the electrical equipment, call, voice and data systems, and installation and channelling of medical gas intakes, and a second steel reinforcement structure that supports the tubes that hold the elements.

6. Maintenance

6.1. Training

The personnel who MAINTAIN ADONIS equipment must be trained and qualified by the customer. Persons who:

- 1. have received the training and are duly registered (at those levels where legal provisions make such registration necessary).
- 2. have been instructed in the maintenance of this device by means of this instruction manual as a basis.
- 3. are able to assess the tasks they perform on the basis of their own professional experience and training in relevant safety standards and can recognise the potential hazards involved in the work.

6.2. Medical gas supply circuits



It is recommended that the equipment be disconnected electrically before servicing.

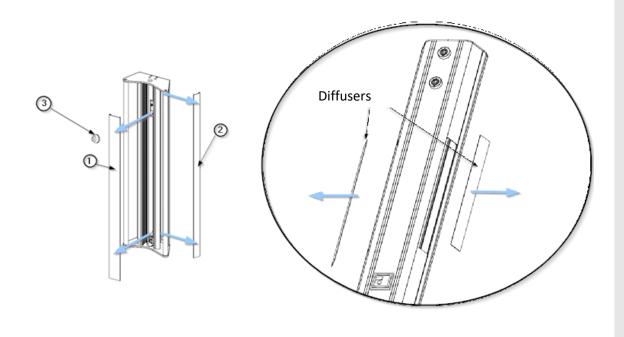


Fig. 1 Removal of covers and diffusers on the Adonis chassis

- Use the suction \bigcirc to remove the centre cover \bigcirc as shown on the left in figure 1 and store it in a safe place.
- The clamping of the covers on Adonis devices is very strong.

Passage	Descrip	tion	Periodicity	Tools/supplies
1		d Visual Inspection: Perform a thorough visual inspection of all interior ductwork for signs of wear or damage.	Annual	Screwdriver set, protective gloves, torch, torch, etc.
2	A) B) C)	Prepare a soap solution in a container. With a brush or paintbrush, apply the solution to the junction points of the piping to the gas terminal units, and other soldered connections. Watch for bubbles to form, indicating the presence of a leak. If a leak is detected, mark the area for later correction.	Biannual	Soap solution, brush or paintbrush

3	Verifica	tion of gas terminal brackets:	Annual	Hand tools, protective
	A)	Physically assess the condition and		gloves
		integrity of the trunking supports. Check		
		for wear or structural damage.		
	В)	Ensure that the brackets are firmly fixed		
		to the profile and that there is no		
		movement or play in the brackets.		
4	Mainte	nance Register:	Always	Maintenance log
	A)	After each inspection or intervention,		
		record in a document or management		
		system all details, such as date, findings,		
		actions taken, name of technician, and		
		parts replaced.		
	В)	Keep this record organised and accessible		
		for future reference and audits.		

Additional note: Be sure to follow all relevant safety regulations and recommendations. It is essential that personnel involved in these tasks are properly trained and wear personal protective equipment.

6.3. Electrical and voice and data circuits, lighting

• Use the suction cup ③ to remove the side cover ② as shown on the left in figure 1 and store it in a safe place.



Use gloves to remove the side cover ②. The clamping of the covers on Adonis devices is very strong.

- Voltage check at each of the equipment's sockets.
- On/off check from the equipment push buttons and/or from the call control.
- Voice and data: Checking each of the mechanisms of the equipment and call control. To be carried out by the centre's IT and communications staff.

6.4. Replacement of LED strips and drivers in lighting module s

If the lighting modules of the ADONIS system malfunction, both the LED strips ② and the controllers ① must be replaced.



Disconnect the equipment electrically before replacement.

- Using a flat-nosed tool and taking care not to damage the side covers, remove the diffusers as shown on the right in figure 1.
- Disconnect the quick connector from the LED strip 2.
- Disconnect the power supply of the controller $\widehat{(1)}$ from the terminal strip.
- Unscrew the M4 x16 hex screws ④ DIN 933 releasing the tab ③ holding the controller ① and LED strip ②.

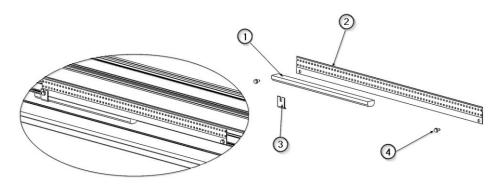


Fig. 2 Replacement of LED strips and drivers

- Attach the LED strip ② and secure it with an M4 x16 hex screw ④ (the one that is not used to secure the tab ④ that holds the driver).
- Fit the new controller ① and secure it with the tab ③ by screwing in the second hexagonal screw ④.
- Connect the power supply of the controller (1) back to the terminal strip.
- Connect the power supply quick connector of the newly installed LED strip (2).
- Check that the lighting module is fixed in position.
- Power up the lighting circuit and perform a test run to check that the lighting module switches on and off.



Contact with live parts can cause an electric shock.

Put the covers back in place.

6.5. Envelopes and structural elements

Carry out a visual inspection to detect if any item is not properly fixed.



In case of suspicion, carry out a physical check of the elements and refasten them properly.

6.6. Maintenance plan

Item to be	Description	Periodicity	Method of inspection
inspected			
Gas outlets	Inspection of medical gas intakes*.	Annual	Visual inspection and functional test Ease of connection and disconnection manoeuvres Wear and tear or damage Marking and labelling
Copper gas	Overhaul and status check*.	Annual	Visual inspection
connection I	It is recommended to disconnect the equipment electrically before proceeding with the overhaul.		Verification of supports See point 6.2 Medical gas supply circuits
Copper gas	Overhaul and status check*.	Biannual	Leak detection
connections II	It is recommended to disconnect the equipment electrically before proceeding with the overhaul.		See point 6.2 Medical gas supply circuits
LED lighting	Testing of LED strips for direct and indirect light	Half-yearly	Visual inspection and function test See point 6.4 Replacement of LED strips and drivers in lighting modules
Nurse call	Operation of the call system	Half-yearly	Simulation of call and system response. Ensure effective communication with nursing
Switches	Checking of the lighting actuation	Annual	Functional test. Check operability
RJ45 sockets	Inspection of voice and data sockets	Annual	Connecting to devices and testing data transfer

Electrical outlets supply*. Electrical and data cabling Review and check of status and functionality*. It is recommended to disconnect the equipment electrically before proceeding with the overhaul. DIN rail Inspection of dripper support and other elements Check in pipe and electrical connections*. Entrances (gas and electrical) Checking pipe and electrical connections*. Check connection and dummy load data/video/audio transfer Verification of earths and protections*. Annual Visual inspection and dummy load (2) Check condition and correct marking. Visual inspection. Check connections, absence of obstructions and correct marking. Visual inspection and dummy load (2) Check condition and robustness (1) Entrances (gas and electrical) Visual inspection. Check connections, absence of obstructions and correct marking. Video & audio outlets Protection Verification of earths and protections*. Annual Visual inspection and data/video/audio transfer Annual Use of a multimeter (3) for continuity tests Treatment and Check paint condition Annual Visual inspection and tactile test (4)				
data cabling functionality*. It is recommended to disconnect the equipment electrically before proceeding with the overhaul. DIN rail Inspection of dripper support and other elements Check condition and robustness (1) Entrances (gas and electrical) Check paint condition Operation of HDMI and USB sockets, etc. Protection we chanisms functionallity*. Check connections, and correct signalling. Check caccording to applicable regulations See section 6.3 Electrical, voice and data circuits, lighting, etc. (2) Check condition and robustness (1) Visual inspection. Check connections, absence of obstructions and correct marking. Video & audio outlets Protection Verification of earths and protections*. Annual Use of a multimeter (3) for continuity tests Treatment and Check paint condition Annual Visual inspection and tactile test (4)	Electrical outlets		Half-yearly	voltage and continuity (3), and
It is recommended to disconnect the equipment electrically before proceeding with the overhaul. Check according to applicable regulations	Electrical and		Annual	
other elements (2) Check condition and robustness (1) Entrances (gas and electrical) Checking pipe and electrical connections*. Annual Visual inspection. Check connections, absence of obstructions and correct marking. Video & audio outlets Operation of HDMI and USB sockets, etc. Annual Device connection and data/video/audio transfer Protection Verification of earths and protections*. Annual Use of a multimeter (3) for continuity tests Treatment and Check paint condition Annual Visual inspection and tactile test (4)	data cabling	It is recommended to disconnect the equipment electrically before		signalling. Check according to applicable regulations See section 6.3 Electrical, voice and
and electrical) connections*. absence of obstructions and correct marking. Video & audio outlets Operation of HDMI and USB sockets, etc. Annual Device connection and data/video/audio transfer Protection Verification of earths and protections*. Annual Use of a multimeter (3) for continuity tests Treatment and Check paint condition Annual Visual inspection and tactile test (4)	DIN rail		Annual	(2) Check condition and robustness
Video & audio Operation of HDMI and USB sockets, Outlets Protection Werification of earths and Protections*. Annual Use of a multimeter (3) for continuity tests Treatment and Check paint condition Annual Visual inspection and tactile test (4)	Entrances (gas	Checking pipe and electrical	Annual	Visual inspection. Check connections,
outlets etc. data/video/audio transfer Protection Verification of earths and mechanisms Annual Use of a multimeter (3) for continuity tests Treatment and Check paint condition Annual Visual inspection and tactile test (4)	and electrical)	connections*.		
Protection Verification of earths and mechanisms Annual Use of a multimeter (3) for continuity tests Treatment and Check paint condition Annual Visual inspection and tactile test (4)	Video & audio	Operation of HDMI and USB sockets,	Annual	Device connection and
mechanisms protections*. tests Treatment and Check paint condition Annual Visual inspection and tactile test (4)	outlets	etc.		data/video/audio transfer
Treatment and Check paint condition Annual Visual inspection and tactile test (4)	Protection	Verification of earths and	Annual	Use of a multimeter (3) for continuity
	mechanisms	protections*.		tests
	Treatment and finishing	Check paint condition	Annual	Visual inspection and tactile test (4)
Vinyls and Check condition of vinyls and plates Annual Visual inspection and tactile test (4)	Vinyls and	Check condition of vinyls and plates	Annual	Visual inspection and tactile test (4)
phenolics	phenolics			
Trays and Ensuring functionality and cleanliness Half-yearly Visual inspection and dummy load	Trays and	Ensuring functionality and cleanliness	Half-yearly	Visual inspection and dummy load
Drawers (2)	Drawers			(2)
Check condition and robustness (1)				Check condition and robustness (1)
Structure Ensuring strength and load-bearing Annual Visual inspection and dummy load	Structure		Annual	
capacity*. (2)		capacity*.		(2)
Check condition and robustness (1)				Check condition and robustness (1)

Damaged, deformed or missing components must be replaced as soon as possible. In that case contact the supplier of the Equipment.

*If one of the above points is found to be non-compliant during the inspection, the system must be shut down immediately as a precautionary measure to prevent further damage to persons and equipment. Notify the system supplier immediately.

(1) Check condition and robustness:

- This assessment is done through a detailed visual inspection, looking for obvious signs of damage, wear, or corrosion. To assess robustness, physical tests can be carried out, for example, by applying a manual force at different points to check its strength.
- For the specific structure or plate to be considered in good condition, it should not show
 visible signs of damage, excessive wear or corrosion. In addition, it should not deform or
 move beyond an acceptable range when force is applied to it.

(2) Dummy load:

- This refers to applying a weight or force that simulates the most extreme conditions of use to
 which the device could be subjected in practice. This load is used to assess whether the
 device can withstand the demands of day-to-day use in the operating theatre.
- The specific value of the load will depend on the specifications detailed in the Equipment.

(3) Use of the multimeter:

It shall be used to verify that electrical outlets and related components are operating correctly. With it, values such as voltage (to ensure that the sockets are providing the correct voltage), resistance (to identify possible faults or short circuits) and continuity (to ensure that circuits are complete and there are no interruptions) can be measured.

(4) Tactile test:

- This refers to using touch to evaluate a surface or component. For example, by running the
 hand or fingers over the paint on a structure, one can determine if there are any
 irregularities, bumps or flaking.
- The test shall be considered successful if, to the touch, the surface is uniform, with no perceptible irregularities and no signs of flaking or deterioration.

7. Cleaning

Perform this operation with slightly moist cleaning instruments to ensure that no liquid enters the equipment. Since no part or component of the system is invasive, sterilisation is not necessary.



Do not use abrasive or very hard cleaning agents that may cause damage to the exterior coatings, such as disinfectants containing sodium hypochlorite, which is highly corrosive to aluminium.



WARNING: Damage to equipment may occur.

Formaldehyde-free disinfectants such as Saint Nebul Ald from Proder Pharma are recommended. Method of application:

- 1. Dilute 4 pulses of the valve supplied by the manufacturer per 5 litres of water.
- 2. Spray the compound on the product and let it react for 15 minutes.
- 3. Remove with water or soap solution with a wrung out cloth.



Switch off the power supply.

Contact with live parts can cause an electric shock.

- Always disconnect the device from the main power supply before cleaning and disinfecting it.
- Do not insert objects into the openings of the device.

8. Elimination

Applies WEE2012/19 and RoHS directive 2011/65/EU, amendment 2015/863/EU. The equipment has electrical and electronic components, so it cannot be disposed of as organic waste, but as electrical/electronic waste.

9. Regulations

9.1. Team ranking

According to the new **MDD** regulation **93/42/EEC** on medical devices, this product family is classified as:

- Class IIb, by Annex II, excluding section 4, regulation 11.
- Protection level IP20 according to IEC 60529

Equipment intended for continuous operation.

9.2. Reference standards

The device complies with the safety requirements of the following standards and directives:

ISO11197: Medical supply units

IEC 60601-1: Medical electrical equipment. General requirements for basic safety and essential performance.

IEC 60601-1-2: Medical electrical equipment. Part 1-2. General requirements for basic safety and essential performance. Collateral standard. Electromagnetic disturbances.

9.3. Electromagnetic compatibility.

According to EN 60601-1-2:2015 this equipment is intended for use in the electromagnetic environment specified below. The user of this equipment must satisfy himself that it is being used in such an environment.

Interference emission	Compliance	Comment
measurements		
HF emissions according to	Group 1	The supply unit uses HF energy exclusively for its
CISPR 11 standard		internal OPERATION. Therefore, its HF emissions are
		minimal and interference with devices in its vicinity
		is unlikely.
HF emissions according to	Class A	The roof supply unit is suitable for use in non-
CISPR 11 standard		domestic installations and in installations that are
Harmonic emissions	Class A	directly connected to the PUBLIC SUPPLY NETWORK,
according to the standard		which also supplies residential buildings.
IEC 61000-3-2		
Emissions of voltage	In accordance	
fluctuations/transients in	with	
accordance with the standard		
IEC 61000-3-3		

Interference resistance	Test level according	Level of compliance	Environment/Guidelines
	to IEC 60601		
Static Electric	±8 kV contact	±8 kV contact	Floors should be made of wood,
Discharge (ESD)	discharge	discharge	concrete or ceramics. If the
according to IEC	15 kV aerial	15 kV aerial discharge	floor is covered with a synthetic
61000-4-2	discharge		material, the relative humidity
			should be at least 30%.
Fast transient / burst	±2 kV for power	±2 kV for power supply	The quality of the supply
electrical	supply cables	cables	voltage should be typical for a
interference	±1kV for input	±1 kV for incoming and	commercial or hospital
amplitudes in	and output cables	outgoing cables	environment.
accordance with IEC	1 1 1 1	3 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1	

61000-4-4			
Overvoltages	±1 kV phase-to-	±1 kV phase-to-phase	The quality of the supply
(waves) according to	phase voltage	voltage	voltage should be typical for a
IEC 61000-4- 5	±2 kV phase to	±2 kV phase to ground	commercial or hospital
	ground voltage	voltage	environment.
Voltage dips and	100% of UN drop for	100% UN drop for	The quality of the supply
fluctuations of the	0.5 period 100% of	0.5 period	voltage should be typical for a
supply voltage	UN drop for 1 period	100% of UN drop for 1	commercial or hospital
according to the	30% of UN drop for	period 30% of UN drop	environment.
standard	25 periods	for 25 periods	If the user of the roof supply
IEC 61000-4- 11	·	ioi 25 perious	unit requires continuous
	Remark:		operation even in case of power
	UN is the AC mains		supply interruptions, it is
	voltage before		recommended to supply the
	applying the test		roof supply unit from a device
	level.		with an uninterruptible power
			supply or a battery.
Short interruptions	100% for 5 s		The annual transfer of the annual transfer
of the supply voltage	100/010133		The quality of the supply
according to the	Remark:		voltage should be typical for a
standard	UN is the AC mains		commercial or hospital environment.
IEC 61000-4- 11	voltage before		
	applying the test		If the user of the roof supply
	level.		unit requires continuous
			operation even in case of power
			supply interruptions, it is
			recommended to supply the
			roof supply unit from a device
			with an uninterruptible power
			supply or a battery.

Magnetic field for	30 A/m	30 A/m	The magnetic fields created by
power supply			the mains frequency should be
frequencies (50/60			those of a commercial or
Hz) according to the			hospital environment.
standard			
IEC 61000-4-8			

Interference resistance	Le	vel of verification	on according to	Level of	Environme	nt/Guidelines	
	IE	C 60601		compliance			
HF interference	3 \	Vrms 150 kHz	to 80 MHz	3 Vrms	AM 1KHz ı	modulation	
induced by		Vrms ISM ban	d	6 Vrms	Depth 80%	6 Depth 80%	
IEC 61000-4-6	String is in Sand			Depth 80%	6 Depth		
Induced HF-		RANGE	FREQUENCY	MODULATION	STEP	LEVEL	
		A	80-1000MHz	AM 1 kHz Prof: 80%	LOG 1%	10 V/m	
interference according		В	1000-2000MHz	AM 1 kHz Prof: 80%	LOG 1%	10 V/m	
		C	2000-2700MHz	AM 1 kHz Prof: 80%	LOG 1%	10 V/m	
to IEC 61000-4-3		D	385MHz	PM 18 Hz Cycle: 50%	-	27 V/m	
		E	450MHz	FM 1 kHz Desv:± 5 kHz	-	28 V/m	
		F	810-930MHz	PM 18 Hz Cycle: 50%	-	28 V/m	
		G H	1720-1970MHz 2450MHz	PM 217 Hz Cycle: 50%	-	28 V/m	
		I	5240-5785MHz	PM 217 Hz Cycle: 50% PM 217 Hz Cycle: 50%	<u>-</u>	28 V/m 9 V/m	

Transmitter power rating	Safety distance as a function of the emission frequency Environment/Guidelines					
	150 kHz to 80	80 MHz up to	800 MHz up to 2.5			
	MHz	800 MHz	GHz			
	D = 1,2 P	D = 1,2 P	D = 2, 3 P			
0,01	0,12	0,12	0,23			
0,1	0,1 0,38		0,73			
1	1,2	1,2	2,3			
10	3,8	3,8	7,3			
100	12	12	23			